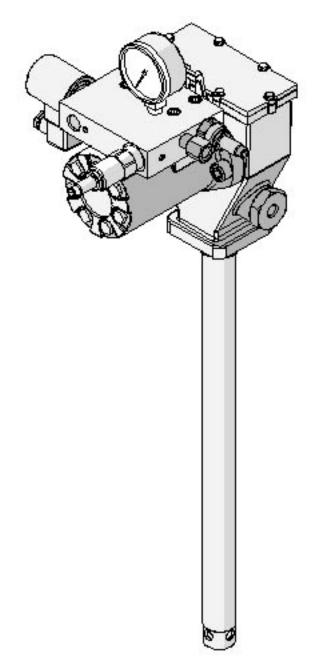


FlowMaster[™] Rotary Driven Hydraulic Pump Models: 85480, 85481, 85482 and 85483 Series "B"



Foreign and U.S. Patent Pending

CE This pump conforms to the European Directive for Product Safety

7.5A-18100-C00



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Safety

Read and carefully observe these operating instructions before unpacking and operating the pump! The pump must be operated, maintained and repaired exclusively by persons familiar with the operating instructions. Local safety regulations regarding installation, operation and maintenance must be followed.

Operate this pump only after safety instructions and this service manual are fully understood.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

Safety Instructions

This equipment generates very high grease pressure. Extreme caution should be used when operating this equipment as material leaks from loose or ruptured components can inject fluid through the skin and into the body causing serious bodily injury. Adequate protection is recommended to prevent splashing of material onto the skin or into the eyes.



If any fluid appears to penetrate the skin, get emergency medical care immediately. Do not treat as a simple cut. Tell attending physical exactly what fluid was injected.

Inspection

If overpressurizing of the equipment is believed to have occurred, contact the factory authorized warranty and service center nearest you for inspection of the pump.

Specialized equipment and knowledge is required for repair of this pump. Contact the factory authorized warranty and

service center nearest you for repair or adjustments other than maintenance specified in this manual.

Annual inspection by the factory authorized warranty and service center nearest you is recommended.

A list of factory authorized warranty and service centers is available upon request.

Damaged Pumps

Any pump that appears to be damaged in any way, is badly worn or operates abnormally, shall be removed from use until repairs are made. Contact the factory authorized warranty and service center nearest to you for repairs.

Description

85480 - Pump for 120 pound drum (16 gallon) 85481 - Pump for 60 pound drum 85482 - Pump for 400 pound drum (55 gallon) 85483 - Pump for 5 gallon pail

General Description

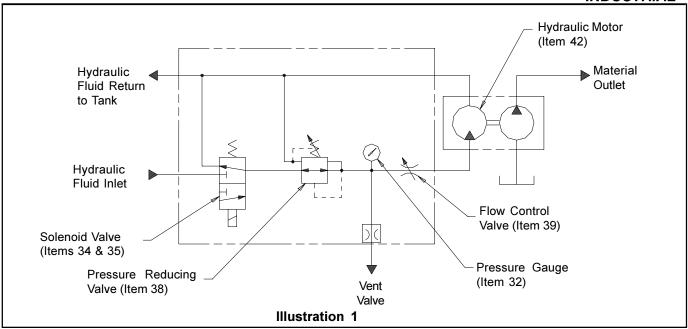
The Lincoln Industrial rotary Hydraulic Pump is a fully hydraulically operated grease pump. Grease output is proportional to the hydraulic input flow. The pump is primarily designed for centralized lubrication systems such as the Single Line Parallel, Single Line Progressive and Two Line systems. An integrated pump control manifold is incorporated with the motor to control input flow and pressure. A 24 volt DC solenoid valve is also incorporated as a method to turn the pump **on** and **off**.

The pump is driven by the rotary motion of the hydraulic motor. Rotary motion is converted to reciprocating motion through an eccentric crank mechanism. The reciprocating action causes the pump cylinder to move up and down. The pump is a positive displacement double acting pump as grease output occurs during both the up and down stroke of the pump.

During the down stroke, the pump cylinder is extended into the grease. Through the combination of shovel action and vacuum generated in the pump cylinder chamber, the grease is forced into the pump cylinder. Simultaneously, grease is discharged through the outlet of the pump. The volume of grease during intake is twice the amount of grease output during one cycle. During the upstroke, the inlet check closes, and one half of the grease taken in during the previous stroke is transferred through the outlet check and discharged to the outlet port. Typical output of the pump is shown on page 4.

Appropriate Use

- All pump models are exclusively designed to pump and dispense lubricants using hydraulic power.
- The maximum specification ratings should not be exceeded.
- Any other use not in accordance with instructions will result in loss of claims for warranty and liability.



Pump Performance and Specification

Supply inlet hydraulic pressure, maximum, PSIG (bar) -Operating working hydraulic pressure, PSIG (bar) -Hydraulic Inlet Flow, GPM (I/min) -Pump Ratio with manifold -

3,000 (200)

300 to 450 (20 to 32). Up to 7 (28) 9:1 at low inlet pressure (300 to 350 psi [20 to 25 bar]) and low inlet flow (below 2 gpm [7 lpm]) Pump ratio approaches 11.0:1 ratio at higher inlet pressure and flow.

Operating Temperature, °F (°C)-	-20 to +150 (-10 to 65)
Operating Voltage, VDC -	24
Hydraulic Inlet Port, In -	SAE 4
Tank Return Port, In -	SAE 6
Pump Outlets, In -	1/4 NPTF
Maximum Hydraulic Fluid Temperature, °F, (°C) - Weight, Lbs (Kg) -	200 (93) 36 (16)

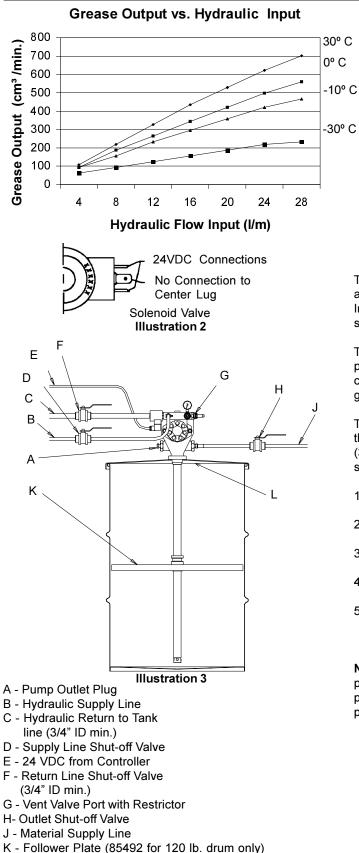


Do not exceed 3,000 PSIG (200 bar) maximum supply inlet hydraulic pressure. Exceeding the rated pressure may result in damage to system components and personal injury.

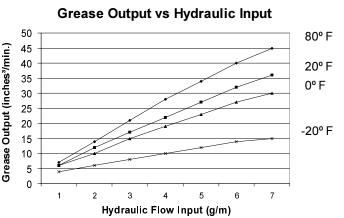
HYDRAULIC PUMP PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS Test conducted with Alvania NLGI # 2 Grade Grease

Grease Output				1,000 psi Backpressure			
	Cubic inches/min. (cm³/min.)			(70 bar)			
		Hydraulic Flow Input					
Temperature F	mperature F 1 gpm 2 gpm 3 gpm 4 gpm			5 gpm	6 gpm	7gpm	
(Temperature C)	(4 l/min)	(8 l/min)	(11 l/min)	(15 l/min)	(19 l/min)	(23 l/min)	(26 l/min)
80	7	14	21	28	34	40	45
(27)	(115)	(229)	(344)	(459)	(557)	(656)	(737)
40	7	14	21	28	33	38	41
(4)	(115)	(229)	(344)	(459)	(541)	(623)	(642)
20	6	13	17	22	28	32	36
(-7)	(98)	(213)	(279)	(361)	(459)	(594)	(590)
0	6	11	15	19	23	27	30
(-18)	(98)	(180)	(245)	(310)	(376)	(442)	(491)
-10	5	7	8	9	10	12	13
(-23)	(82)	(115)	(131)	(148)	(164)	(197)	(213)
-20	4	6	8	10	12	14	15
(-29)	(66)	(98)	(131)	(164)	(197)	(229)	(245)





L - Drum Cover (83115 for 400 lbs., 84616 for 120 lbs.)



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INDUSTRIAL

Installing the Pump

Typical installation is shown only as a guide for selecting and installing system components. Contact your Lincoln Industrial representative for assistance in designing a system to suit your specific needs.

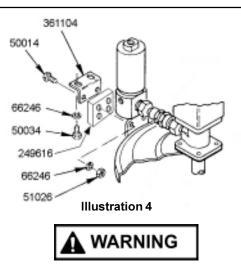
The pump was tested in light weight oil which was left in to protect the pump from corrosion. Flush the pump before connecting it to the system to prevent contamination of the grease with residual oil.

The pump has flow and pressure controls integrated into the manifold (37). A normally closed **ON/OFF** Solenoid Valve (35) is also integrated into the manifold and will start or stop the pump operation.

- 1. Mount the pump securely on the drum cover so that it cannot move or vibrate during operation.
- 2. Attach hydraulic supply line to the **Inlet** and return line to the **Tank** ports.
- 3. Connect material supply line to the pump outlet. Plug the unused outlet on opposite side of the pump.
- 4. Install high pressure shut-off valve in the material supply line. (Required)
- Connect 24 VDC power supply to the solenoid valve (35). See Illustration #1. Use connector plug (36) supplied with the pump.

NOTE: To install the pump Model 85481 as a replacement pump for 84961 used on Model 84944, use adapter/spacer p/n 249616 with bolts p/n 50014, included in the pump package (see illustration #4).





Mount the pump securely on the drum cover. Failure to do so could result in personal injury and equipment damage.



Do not exceed 450 PSIG (32 bar) working hydraulic pressure. Use high pressure components to reduce risk of serious injury including fluid injection and splashing in the eyes or on the skin. All accessories connected to the pump outlet must have at least 5,000 PSIG (350 bar) minimum hydraulic pressure. All accessories connected to the pump inlet must have at least 3,000 PSIG (200 bar) minimum working pressure.

Operation

All pumps are factory set at 350 PSIG (24 bar) working inlet hydraulic pressure with a flow rate of 2.5 GPM (9.5 l/min). Do not change the settings for the pump until after the start up procedure.

- 1. Shut off the material supply line valve.
- 2. Turn on the hydraulic pressure.
- 3. Energize the solenoid On/Off valve.
- Prime the pump by slowly opening the shut-off lubricant supply line valve. Make sure that all air has been expelled from the pump and even lubricant flow is achieved.
- © 5. Adjust the pump pressure and flow to the desired application requirements. See Pressure and Flow Control Valve Adjustment for instructions to adjust pressure and flow, Do not exceed pump operating pressure of 450 PSIG (32 bar).
 - 6. Always use the lowest pump output pressure and hydraulic fluid flow to obtain the desired results. This will reduce the pump wear.



Do not exceed maximum operating temperature of the hydraulic fluid (200° F/93° C). Never allow the pump to run dry of lubricant. A dry pump quickly speeds up, creating friction heat, which can damage the seals. Monitor the supply lubricant level and refill when necessary.

Setting the Pump Manifold Pressure and Flow Controls

The pressure must first be adjusted to insure the desired flow setting is achieved.

Pressure Control Valve Adjustment

- Loosen the lock nut on the Pressure control by turning the nut COUNTERCLOCKWISE.
- Turn the valve stem COUNTERCLOCKWISE until it no longer turns. The valve stem will unscrew until it reaches the stop. It will not come off. This is the minimum pressure setting, which is about 170 psi (12 bar).
- With the pump stalled against pressure, turn the Pressure Control Valve stem CLOCKWISE until the desired pressure is attained on the manifold Pressure Gage. (Do not exceed 450 PSI.
- Tighten the lock nut by turning CLOCKWISE.

Flow Control Valve Adjustment

- Loosen the lock nut on the Flow Control Valve by turning the nut COUNTERCLOCKWISE.
- Adjust the flow by turning the valve stem CLOCKWISE to reduce the flow and COUNTERCLOCKWISE to increase it. The Flow Control Valve can be turned in until the valve is completely closed, and out a maximum of 2 1/2 turns. The valve stem will not come out when fully open (unscrewed) as there is a stop at this position.
- After adjusting the flow to the desired setting, tighten the lock nut by turning it CLOCKWISE.

Maintenance and Repair

Relieve pressure from the pump and supply lines before servicing or repairing the pump, to reduce the risk of an injury from injection, splashing fluid or moving parts.



Always use Lincoln Industrial parts for service and repair.



Disassembly Procedure (See illustration #6)

Tools Required:

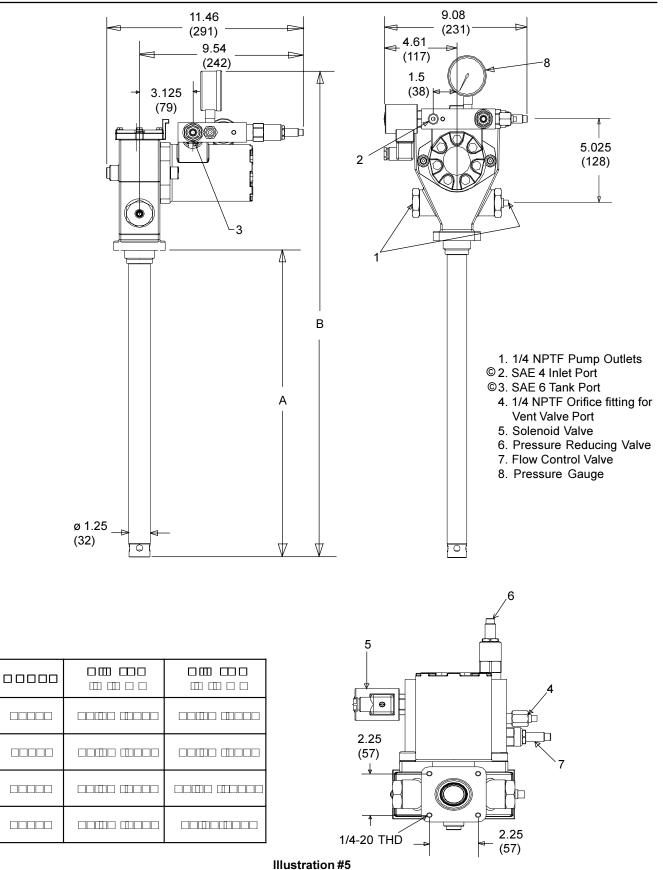
- Hex Bit Socket Wrenches (3/8" square drive) with 3/8" hex, 5/32" hex, 1/4" hex.
- 3/8" O.D. Steel Rod
- 12" Crescent Wrench
- Spanner Wrench (for 3/8" diameter tube, 1/8" pin)
- 1/2" to 3/8" square drive adapter
- Torque wrench (1/2" square drive, 0 50 ft-lb capacity)
- Torque wrench (3/8" square drive, 0 120 in-lb capacity)
- 1/4" nut driver
- Screwdriver (flat blade, 1/8" blade width)
- 1. Remove the four Socket Head Screws (33) and separate Manifold from the Hydraulic Motor (42).
- 2. Remove Pipe Plug (45) and drain the crankcase oil from the Pump Housing (46).
- 3. Remove six self-threading Screws (29) and remove the Housing Cover (30) and the Cover Gasket (31).
- 4. Remove Retaining Ring (57) and pull the Shovel Plug (56) from the Housing Tube (55).
- 5. Remove two Socket Head Screws (44) and separate the Hydraulic Motor (42) from the Pump Housing (46).
- 6. Remove two Outlet Pin Nuts (50) from the Pump Housing (46).
- 7. Remove the Pump Subassembly (1 through 28) from the Pump Housing (46). Pushing the subassembly up with a wooden or plastic rod 3/4 O.D. against the Check Seat Housing (28) is helpful.
- Remove the Housing Tube (55) from the Pump Housing (46) by inserting a 3/4 rod through the inlet holes at the bottom of the Housing Tube (55) and unscrewing it.
- 9. Remove the Bronze Bearing (51), the O-Ring (52), and the Backup Washer (53) from the Housing Tube (55).
- 10. Remove the Crankrod Assembly (1 through 8) from the pump by unscrewing the Button Head Screws (12) and then pulling out the Wrist Pin Bushings (13).
- 11. Remove the Check Seat Housing (28) from the Reciprocating Tube (21). There is a 3/8 Allen Head socket in the throat of the Check Seat Housing (28) to facilitate removal.
- Unscrew the Wrist Pin Anchor (14) from the Reciprocating Tube (21) and pull the Plunger Assembly (9 through 20) from the tube.
- Using a 1/2" wooden or plastic rod, push the Cup Seal (22) and the Pump Cylinder (24) from the Reciprocating Tube (21).
- 14. Remove the Pump Plunger (20) from the Plunger Link Rod (17). A spanner wrench, which uses the holes in the Pump Plunger, is required.
- Unscrew the Plunger Link Rod (17) from the Plunger Tube (11) and slide off the Cup Seal (16), the Backup Washer (15) and the Wrist Pin Anchor (14).
- 16. Unscrew the Plunger Tube (11) from the Outlet Pin (9).
- To dismantle the Crankrod Assembly (1 through 8), remove Flat Head Screws (1) and the Inner and Outer Weights (2 & 3).
- Remove the large Retaining Rings (6) and press the Crank Eccentric (7) out of the Ball Bearing (8). Be sure to support the Ball Bearing (8) on the inner race.

19. Remove the small Retaining Rings (6) and press the Crank Eccentric (7) out of the Ball Bearing (8). Be sure to support the Ball Bearing (8) on the inner race.

Pump Assembly Procedure

- 1. When the pump .s dissembled, it is recommended to replace all seals a d gaskets, which are included in the 270663 repair kit.
- 2. In the process of disassembly, examine the following components and replace if excessive wear is indicated: Ball Bearing (8), Crank Eccentric (7), Crankrod (5), Wrist Pin Bushings (13), Plunge. Tube (11), Pump Plunger and Upper Check Parts (20, 19 and 18), Pump Cylinder (24), Check Seat Housing and Lower Check Bali (28 and 26), upper Bronze Bushing (51), Housing Tube (55), Shovel Plug (56), and Reciprocating Tube (21).
- 3. Assembly Procedure is the reverse of the Disassembly Procedure except for the following:
- 4. Install parts (22) through (28) into the Reciprocating Tube (21) after the plunger assembly (9 through 20) is installed.
- Install the Pump Subassembly (1 through 28) into the pump Housing (46) before tightening the Housing Tube (55) to the Pump Housing (46). Be sure the Reciprocating Tube (21) is inserted through both bushings before tightening the Housing Tube (55).
- 6. Use loctite 242 (or similar product) medium strength thread lock on all torqued threaded connections. Extreme care must be exercised to prevent excess compound from flowing into critical areas such as clearance fits and ball check. Allow a minimum of 30 minutes cure time before operating the pump.
- 7. Torque Specifications:
 - A. Plunger Tube (11) to Outlet Pin (9) 100 to 110 In.-Lbs.
 - B. Button Head Screws (12) to Wrist Pin Anchor (14) 100 to 110 In.-Lbs.
 - C. Plunger Tube (11) to Plunger Link Rod (17) 100 to 110 In.-Lbs.
 - D. Plunger Link Rod (17) to Pump Plunger (20) 100 to 110 In.-Lbs.
 - E. Flat Head Screws (1) to Outer Weight (2) 100 110 In.-Lbs.
 - F. Wrist Pin Anchor (14) to Reciprocating Tube (21) 20 to 25 Ft.-Lbs.
 - G. Check Seat Housing (28) to Reciprocating Tube (21) 20 to 25 Ft.-Lbs.
 - H. Outlet Pin Nut (50) to Pump Housing (47) 30 to 35 Ft.-Lbs.
 - I. Housing Tube (55) to Pump housing (47) 20 to 25 Ft.-Lbs.





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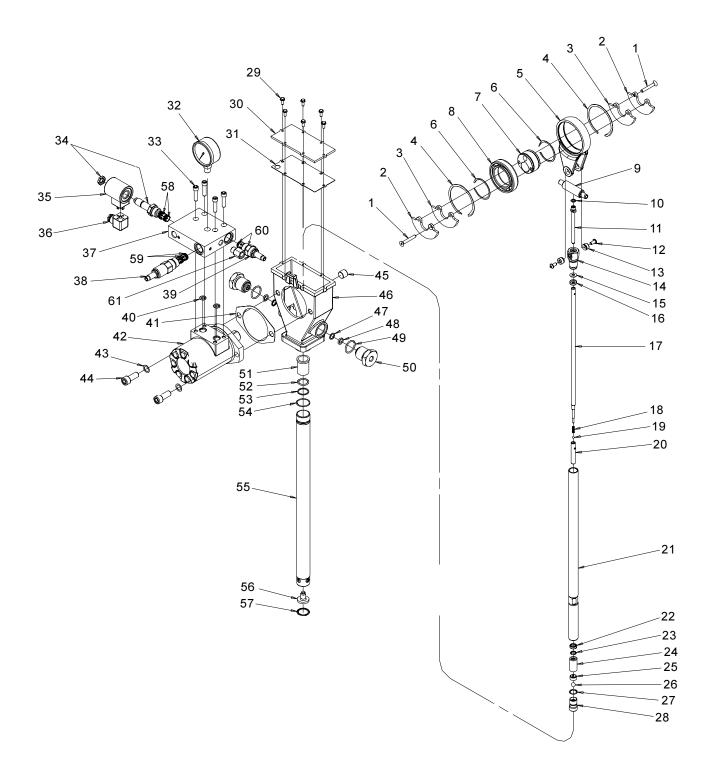


Illustration #6



Item	Qty	Description	All			Description	All	
No.			Models	No.			Models	
1.	2	Flat Head Screw		32.	1	Pressure Gauge	270768	
		(1/4 x 1-3/4)	270635	33.	4	Socket Head		
2.	2	Outer Weight	270606			Screw (5/16 x 1-1/4)	270680	
3.	2	Inner Weight	270605	34.	1	Solenoid Valve		
4.	2	Retaining Ring	270609			Cartridge (Note #2)	270690	
5.	1	Crankrod	270665	35.	1	Solenoid Valve		
6.	2	Retaining Ring	270608			Coil (24 VDC)	270691	
7.	1	Crank Eccentric	270666	36.	1	Solenoid Connector	242209	
8.	1	Ball Bearing	270607	©37.	1	Manifold	270771	
9.	1	Outlet Pin	270670	38.	1	Pressure Reducing		
10.	1	O-Ring (Nitrile)	*			Valve (Note #3)	270692	
11.	1	Plunger Tube	270667	39.	1	Flow Control Valve		
12.	2	Button Head Screw				(Note #4)	270693	
		(1/4 x 1/2)	270634	40.	2	O-Ring (Nitrile)	*	
13.	2	Wrist Pin Bushing	270668	41.	1	Motor Gasket	*	
14.	1	Wrist Pin Anchor	270669	42.	1	Hydraulic Motor		
15.	1	Backup Washer	*			(Note #1)	270676	
16.	1	Cup Seal		43.	2	Washer	48548	
		(Polyurethane)	*	44.	2	Socket Head		
17.	1	Plunger Link Rod	See Chart Below			Screw (1/2 x 1-1/4)	270658	
18	1	Spring	270616	45.			67417	
19.	1	Ball	66010	46.	1	Pump Housing	270673	
20.	1	Pump Plunger	270671	©47.	2	Backup Ring (Polyurethane)	*	
21.	1	Reciprocating Tube	See Chart Below	©48.	2	O-Ring (Polyurethane)	*	
22.	1	Cup Seal		49.	2	O-Ring (Nitrile)	*	
		(Polyurethane)	*	50.	2	Outlet Pin Nut	270619	
23.	1	O-Ring		51.	1	Bronze Bearing	270674	
		(Polyurethane)	*	©52.	1	O-Ring (Polyurethane)	*	
24.	1	Pump Cylinder	270672	53.	1	Backup Washer	*	
25.	1	Ball Cage	270675	54.	1	O-Ring (Nitrile)	*	
26.	1	Ball	66001	55.	1	Housing Tube	See Chart Below	
27.	1	O-Ring (Nitrile)	*	56.	1	Shovel Plug	270707	
28.	1	Check Seat	270664	57.	1	Retaining Ring	270705	
29.	6	Self-Threading		58.	1	Seal Kit (Nitrile)	270687	
		Screw (8 x 1/2)	270633	59.	1	Seal Kit (Nitrile)	270688	
30.	1	Housing Cover	270629	60.	1	Seal Kit (Nitrile)	270689	
31.	1	Cover Gasket		61.	1	Orifice Fitting	270735	
		(Nitrile)	*			Soft parts Kit	270663	

Repair Parts List

(Common to all Models)

Repair Parts List

(Non-common items)

Item	Qty.	Description	Model	Model	Model	Model
No.			85480	85481	85482	85483
17	1	Plunger Link Rod	270648	270614	270645	270641
21	1	Reciprocating Tube	270649	270617	270646	270642
55	1	Housing Tube	270659	270660	270661	270662

* Included in 270663 Soft Parts Kit.

1. Includes Gasket (Item 41) and O-Rings (Item 40).

2. Includes Seal Kit (Item 58).

3. Includes Seal Kit (Item 59).

4. Includes Seal Kit (Item 60).

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Troubleshooting

Condition	Possible Cause	Corrective Action		
Pump does not run.	 No pressure on gauge (32): Closed Supply line shut off valve. No power to solenoid valve (34). Faulty Solenoid (35). Pressure Reducing Valve (38) is set too low. Insufficient Hydraulic Fluid supply. 	Open shut-off valve. Correct electrical fault. Replace solenoid (35). Reset Pressure Reducing Valve (38). Check hydraulic supply for proper pressure and flow.		
	 Pressure is shown on gauge (32): Closed fluid outlet line. Flow Control Valve is fully closed. Pump is stalled due to grease backpressure. Pump is stalled due to grease backpressure. 	Check outlet line and clear obstructions. Readjust valve to 3/4 turn open. Check vent valve in system. Check vent valve in system.		
	Pump is seized or damaged.	Dismantle the pump and repair defective or seized component. See disassembly and assembly procedure.		
Pump speeds up or runs erratically.	Low level of grease or reservoir is empty.	Refill reservoir.		
	Follower plate is stuck and separated from grease.	Check follower plate and container for damage.		
	Pump piston or checks are worn.	Disassemble the pump and repair.		
Pump runs, but output is low.	Insufficient hydraulic fluid supply.	Check hydraulic supply and adjust flow using valve 39.		
	Inlet pressure too low.	Increase pressure using valve 38.		
	Faulty inlet (25, 26, 27) or discharge check valve (18, 19, 20).	Replace faulty components.		
Weepage from housing cover 30.	epage from housing cover 30. Cup seal (16) or O-Ring (48) wore out.			
Pump becomes noisy.	No crank case oil.	Add crank case oil. Remove Pipe Plug (45) from Pump Housing (46). Oil level should be at the bottom of the Pipe Plug opening. Add 10W30 motor oil until the crankcase is full.		
	Worn wrist pin bushing 13.	Check the bushings and replace if necessary.		

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